FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation and management's prepared remarks include, forward-looking statements, including statements based upon or relating to our expectations, assumptions, estimates, and projections. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "might," "will," "objective," "intend," "should," "could," "can," "would," "expect," "believe," "design," "anticipate," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "plan" or the negative of these terms, and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, statements concerning our anticipated financial performance, including, without limitation, revenue, advertising spend, non-GAAP loss per share, profitability, net income (loss), Adjusted EBITDA, earnings per share, and cash flow; strategic objectives, including focus on header bidding, mobile, video, Demand Manager, our ability to consummate the acquisitions and integrate such companies or technologies and our ability to grow our business from difficult economic conditions or uncertainty; the freedom of buyers and sellers to direct their spending and inventory to competing sources of inventory and demand; our ability to cause buyers and sellers to spend advertising inventory from sellers to increase the fill rate; the effect on the advertising market and our business from difficult economic conditions or uncertainty; the freedom of buyers and sellers to direct their spending and inventory to competing sources of inventory and demand; our ability to cause buyers and sellers to use our solution to purchase and sell higher value advertising and to expand the use of our solution by buyers and sellers utilizing evolving digital media platforms, including connected television, or CTV; our ability to introduce new offerings and bring them to market in a timely manner, and otherwise adapt in response to client demands and industry trends, including shifts in digital advertising growth from desktop to mobile channels and other platforms and from display to video formats and the introduction and market acceptance of Demand Manager; uncertainty of our estimates and expectations associated with new offerings, including header bidding, private marketplace, mobile, video, Demand Manager, and traffic shaping; lower fees and take rate and the need to grow through advertising spend increases rather than fee increases; our ability to compensate for a reduced take rate by increasing the volume and/or value of transactions on our platform and increasing our fill rate; our vulnerability to the depletion of our cash resources as we incur additional investments in technology required to support the increased volume of transactions on our exchange and development of new offerings; our ability to support our growth objectives with reduced resources from our cost reduction initiatives; our ability to raise additional capital if needed and/or renew our working capital line of credit; our limited operating history and history of losses; our ability to continue to expand into new geographic markets and grow our market share in existing markets; our ability to adapt effectively to shifts in digital advertising; increased prevalence of ad-blocking or cookie-blocking technologies and the slow adoption of common identifiers; the slowing growth rate of desktop display advertising; the growing percentage of online and mobile advertising spend captured by operating systems (such as Google and Amazon); the effect of the loss of market share, of increased competition in our market and increased concentration of advertising spend, including mobile spending, in a small number of very large competitors; the extent of consolidation in the ad tech industry, the effect of competitors and other third parties that can adversely affect our business; our ability to differentiate our offerings and compete effectively in a market trending increasingly toward commodification, transparency and disintermediation; requests for discounts, fee concessions or reversions, rebates, refunds, favorable payment terms and greater levels of pricing transparency and specificity; potential adverse effects of malicious activity such as fraudulent inventory and malware; the effects of seasonal trends on our results of operations; and costs associated with defending intellectual property infringement and other claims; our ability to attract and retain qualified employees and key personnel; our ability to identify future acquisitions of or investments in complementary companies or technologies and our ability to consummate the acquisitions and integrate such companies or technologies; and our ability to comply with, and the effect on our business of, evolving legal standards and regulations, particularly concerning data protection and consumer privacy and evolving labor standards. We discuss many of these risks and additional factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by our forward-looking statements under the headings "Risk Factors," and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere in filings we have made and will make from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. These forward-looking statements represent our estimates and assumptions only as of the date made. Unless required by federal securities laws, we assume no obligation to update any of these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date hereof. Without limiting the foregoing, we do not undertake to update any forward-looking statements for any reason, even if new information becomes available in the future. Investors should consult the present report and any amendments or supplements thereto for a discussion of additional factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by any of our forward-looking statements. Other than as required by law, we do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.
Revenue grew 27% year over year to $37.6 million in Q3 2019

Adjusted EBITDA was $6.1 million in Q3 2019 – representing a 16% margin

Video and audio revenue were both growth drivers in Q3 2019

Expect Q4 2019 revenue to be between $47 to $48.5 million

Expect Q4 Adjusted EBITDA margin approaching 30% - strong leverage
Who We Are
Rubicon Project (NYSE: RUBI)

- The independent global exchange for advertising
- Headquartered in Los Angeles
- 400+ employees
- Operating in 30+ markets globally
What We Do
Our Business: Matching Buyers & Sellers

Publishers & App Developers Want
To drive revenue for all impressions by leveraging turnkey access to billions of dollars of demand, and provide a quality experience for those accessing content

Advertisers Want
To safely reach high quality audiences at scale, across devices no matter where they engage

1,300+ MEDIA COMPANIES WITH >1 MILLION WEBSITES & 60,000 APPS

HELPING BIDDING PREBID.JS SDK xAPI TAGS

Helping advertisers efficiently and effectively find consumers wherever and whenever they access technology. We do this through a variety of integrations across any format on any device in an automated fashion to reach ~1,000,000,000 consumers

CONNECT WITH 900,000+ BRANDS, AGENCIES & DSPS

1,300+ MEDIA COMPANIES WITH >1 MILLION WEBSITES & 60,000 APPS

Desktop Video Mobile In-App Mobile Web OOH Programmatic TV Audio

OMP PMP

CONNECT WITH 900,000+ BRANDS, AGENCIES & DSPS
Connecting Buyers & Sellers

Brand = Buyer

Agency

Demand Side Platform = DSP

EXCHANGE = RUBI

Publisher = Seller
RUBI Actions Taken / Differentiators

Prior Investment

- Header bidding
- Mobile, video, audio & digital out of home
- Bought traffic shaping technology
- Estimated Market Rate (EMR) pricing tool
- Transparency
- Eliminated buyer fees

Present & Future

- Demand Manager for publishers
- CTV Investment
- Video, audio, mobile app...
- Network efficiency
- Strong SPO position
Large & Growing TAM
Large Addressable Market

Global Programmatic Spend ($bn)

Source: MAGNA 2018 Programmatic Forecast
“Mobile is fastest growing sub-segment – comparable to video and faster than social.”

Source: MAGNA 2018 Programmatic Forecast for 2022 Percent of Total
Growth Opportunity
Growth / Market Share Opportunity

- Demand Manager
- Video
- Supply Path Optimization / SPO
Demand Manager
Rubicon Project Demand Manager

First Revenue Q4 2019 – RTK Acquisition (Oct 2019)

Built on
Open Source Tech
Prebid.js
Prebid Server
Prebid SDK

Enhanced With
Value Add Tools
Configuration Management
User Interface
Performance Analytics

Supported with
Exceptional Service
Consultative Support
Wrapper Management
Yield Management
Proactive SLAs

Integrates with
Multiple Marketplaces
All Inventory Types
Rubicon Project PMP/PG/OMP
70+ Other Exchanges and SSPs
Prebid.org is an independent organization designed to promote fair, transparent, and efficient header bidding across the industry. It is open to all companies who are part of the programmatic ecosystem to work to standardize specific tools and systems related header bidding technologies.

Open Source Projects

- Prebid.js
- Prebid Tools
- Prebid Mobile
- Prebid Server
- Prebid Video
- Prebid Native

Prebid.org Members

Adopted by Hundreds of Publishers Since 2017
Configuration Management

Insights

- Wrapper Configuration - add adaptors and define global settings
- Inventory Management - define inventory structure and mapping
- On-page Code - generation of test and production code
- Audit Trail - view wrapper configurations for both client and server side
Build Value
Add Tools

Performance Analytics for Prebid

- Break down impressions and revenue by demand partner, ad format, inventory, and region
- Track deal performance across multiple exchanges with a single report
- Measure who is winning where – segment data by size, ad format, and DFP ad unit
- See through the entire monetization funnel to spot bottlenecks and eliminate inefficiencies
Video & CTV Opportunity

- Investment area
- Continues as growth driver
- Offerings in CTV, mobile app, mobile web, display, digital out of home…
- $156 million in Ad Spend in 2018
- $20 million in revenue in 2018
Supply Path Optimization

- Buyer driven
- Result of header bidding
- Started in early 2018
- Accelerating in 2019-2020
- Changes competitive landscape
- RUBI very well positioned
**Conclusion**

**Strategy**
- Offer the broadest inventory
- Invest in products, tools, high growth areas & efficiency
- Monetize billions of ad spend as high volume transparent exchange
- Lowest total cost of supply - traffic shaping, better win rates, no buyer fees

**Leadership & Performance Goals**
- Experienced management team
- Capture 10-15% share of growing market
- Grow annual revenue 20% or higher
- Long-term adjusted EBITDA margins targeted at 25% or higher

**Executing on Value Proposition**
- Strong position in header bidding, mobile, mobile app & video
- Delivering value to buyers and sellers
- Revenue growing
- Re-investing in business
Appendix
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financial Measures ($MM except per share data)</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9/30/2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile revenue</td>
<td>$21.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desktop revenue</td>
<td>$15.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>$37.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net loss</td>
<td>($6.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EBITDA (1)</td>
<td>$6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EBITDA margin (1)</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EBITDA operating expenses (2)</td>
<td>$31.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic and Diluted loss per share</td>
<td>($0.12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP loss per share (3)</td>
<td>($0.02)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) See later slide for a reconciliation of net loss to adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA margin is calculated as adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue.

(2) Adjusted EBITDA operating expense is calculated as revenue less adjusted EBITDA.

(3) See later slide for a reconciliation of net income (loss) to non-GAAP loss and calculation of non-GAAP earnings (loss) per share.
## Reconciliations of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA ($MM)</th>
<th>Q3 2019</th>
<th>Q3 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net loss</strong></td>
<td>($6.2)</td>
<td>($13.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add back (deduct):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortization, excluding amortization of acquired intangible assets</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>8.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization of acquired intangibles</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stock-based compensation expense</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>3.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest income, net</td>
<td>(0.2)</td>
<td>(0.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign currency gain, net</td>
<td>(0.3)</td>
<td>(0.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for income taxes</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adjusted EBITDA / EBITDA (loss)</strong></td>
<td>$6.1</td>
<td>($1.4)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Reconciliations of Net Loss to Non-GAAP Loss

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reconciliation of Net Loss to Non-GAAP Income (Loss) ($MM, except share figures)</th>
<th>Q3 2019</th>
<th>Q3 2018</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net loss</td>
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<tr>
<td>Add back (deduct):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition and related items, including amortization of acquired intangibles</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stock-based compensation expense</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foreign currency gain, net</td>
<td>(0.3)</td>
<td>(0.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments</td>
<td>(0.0)</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP loss</td>
<td>($1.1)</td>
<td>($9.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP loss per share</td>
<td>($0.02)</td>
<td>($0.18)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-GAAP weighted-average shares outstanding (MM)</td>
<td>53.0</td>
<td>50.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Revenue Split by Channel & Geography

### Revenue Split by Channel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financial Measure: ($MM)</th>
<th>Q3 2019</th>
<th>Q3 2018</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GAAP Revenue</td>
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<td>$12.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$37.6</td>
<td>$29.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Revenue</td>
<td>58%</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>42%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Revenue Split by Geography

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<th>Financial Measure: ($MM)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GAAP Revenue</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S.</td>
<td>$26.4</td>
<td>$19.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International</td>
<td>$11.2</td>
<td>$10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$37.6</td>
<td>$29.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Revenue</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>